

THE POCHE WEEKLY RECORD.

SATURDAY.....MAY 20, 1877

ARE THEY ARMING.

The following is an Associated Press dispatch:

New York, May 17.—The Herald continues its special from Salt Lake, which are intended to convey the impression that the Mormons are arming against the Federalists, though late dispatches from there declare that there is nothing in the Herald's dispatches and that the Herald's correspondent has been corrupt.

Now, in justice to the above mentioned correspondent at Salt Lake City, although dispatches sent from there stating the contrary, we here say that that gentleman done nothing more nor less than tell the truth when he stated the Mormons were arming against the U. S. Government. All through southern Utah the Mormons are armed and ready to take the field against the United States authorities if they attempt the arrest of Brigham Young, and we believe the U. S. authorities are fully aware of these facts, or they certainly would, with the positive proof which they have in their possession implicating Brigham Young in the Mountain Meadow butchery, have arrested the chief instigator of that bloody massacre some time ago, and very probably through fear of jeopardizing the lives of the Gentile citizens of Utah, have postponed the arrest of the Mormon Prophet until a more favorable period. There are more truth in the Herald's special concerning the arming of the Mormons than many suppose, and if the attempt to arrest Brigham Young was made at the present time, three-fourths of the male population of the southern portion of the Territory would be up and in arms at the moment, and woe be unto the Gentile who dare cross their path. We cannot say as to the condition of things in the northern and central portion of the Territory, but presume the faithful in those sections are as fully prepared and as ready to obey the bidding of the church authorities as their brethren in the lower country. We first received information of the arming and drilling of the Mormons from the Mormons themselves, and from men who are to-day strong in the Mormon faith and ready at a moment's notice to grasp their rifles and shed the last drop of their life's blood in the attempt to protect the man whom they hold above all things else upon earth, fully believing that they are doing right. As proof of the above we will here state that the Mormon population of Lincoln county have been ordered by the church authorities to Utah, and a large number of them have obeyed the order, selling their ranches, which were the best in the county, for a mere trifle, although they refused to sell any of their stock at a fair price.

We received from S. M. Pettingill & Co., their "Newspaper Directory," bound in muslin, and containing a complete list of newspapers and periodicals published in the United States and British America, giving the days of issue, the politics and other distinctive features of each paper, and generally the average circulation for the year 1876. This directory will be found to be very useful in affording information to editors and giving a good idea of the "art preservation" in the United States and Canada. The San Francisco Chronicle has the largest daily circulation of any newspaper on the Pacific Coast, being 41,200; next comes the San Francisco Call with a daily circulation of 34,500. The Virginia Enterprise heads the list of papers published in Nevada with a circulation of 3,976. The New York Herald claims a daily circulation 122,400. The New York Sun has the largest daily circulation of any newspaper published in America, 140,000.

The Washingtonian Home at Boston, for the cure of inebriates, contained 317 patients at the first of the year. Of these 177 were married men and 140 single; 200 were Americans and 57 foreigners, and 110 were mechanics, 85 clerks, 13 merchants, 10 lawyers and 2 physicians. The average number of days each patient has remained is 21. three months are considered necessary to receive the full benefits of the institution.

The Reese River Reveille, the pioneer paper of Eastern Nevada, completed its fourteenth year on the 11th inst. The Reveille is as lively a paper as is published in the State.

Next Wednesday, May 30th, is "Decoration Day," a day set apart for the decoration of the graves of soldiers who fell in the late rebellion, both North and South.

Dom Pedro is reported to have said that he found but one truthful paper in America. Of course the Emperor must have read the Eureka Sentinel.

Charles O'Connor has been elected President of the New York Law Institute.

The Cincinnati Price Current has just published its annual statement of the pork-packing of the West. The whole number of hogs packed in Ohio the present season was 791,183, against 819,602 last season. In Indiana, the present season, 529,641; last season 575,433. In Kentucky, present season, 254,986; last season, 263,748. In the six cities of Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Milwaukee and Louisville, the whole number packed during the present season was 3,291,065, against 3,213,022 last season. The average net weight of the hogs packed the present season was 215 pounds; last season, 217. A live hog of average weight in one of these cities is worth this season \$7.37 against \$9.05 last season.

There is a dispute pending as to the proper ownership of "Comet 3" in the last batch of newly discovered comets. Astronomer Swift, of Rochester, New York, claims it as especially his own. It was a faint comet guileless of a tail, and by no means pretending in style. Parkhurst, of Brooklyn, credits it to Borrelli. Undoubtedly the comet belongs to Mr. Swift by right of discovery, so permit that gentleman to have his comet, and all the privileges, advantages and emoluments accruing from the ownership of the same. Just now no one knows where the comet has gone, what is to become of it or when it will return. No matter; these are things to be settled between the comet and Mr. Swift.

A French machinist has discovered that by keeping his turning tools constantly wetted with petroleum he was able to cut metals and alloys with them, although when the tools were used without the oil their edges were turned and dulled. The hardest steel can be turned easily if the tool is thus wet with a mixture of two parts of petroleum with one part of turpentine.

The death of Sir John Foster Fitzgerald reduces the list of British Field Marshals to three—the Duke of Cambridge, the Marquis of Tweeddale and the Prince of Wales. Rumor says that it will not be increased until the Duke of Connaught, the future Commander-in-Chief, has a few more years of military experience.

LATEST NEWS BY MAIL.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 20. A dispatch says anxiety is felt as to whether the Sukum and Kalat expedition will succeed in rising an insurrection in Caucasus. Eight thousand troops, and 1,500 Circassians, with 50,000 rifles and some mounted batteries have been dispatched thither.

LONDON, May 20. A Constantinople dispatch says: Sheikh Ismail has proclaimed a holy war against Russia. An Imperial Irade is published subjecting non-Muslims to military service. Several Ministerial charges are considered probable. The Chamber of Deputies has asked that a War Minister be sent to the seat of war. At present, however, he remains at Constantinople. The expedition under Faci Pasha, which was started for Sukum Kotch Friday, consisted of four large transports, four iron-clad frigates, one dispatch boat, 10,000 troops and five batteries of artillery.

A Pera dispatch says the British Consulate at Rostchuk has had a serious dispute with the Turks owing to their preventing the landing of an American missionary, who had crossed from Georgia. It is reported that the Consul struck the Turkish officer.

LONDON, May 21. An Erzerum special of Saturday, describing the first attack on Ardahan, says: The Russians commenced with a heavy artillery fire, which was returned by the Turks. That was followed by infantry attacks, which were repulsed with great slaughter. The troops renewed the attack at each failure until night stopped the carnage. News from Kara yesterday is to the effect that the Russians attacked the outer line with furious determination and followed their attempts with a heavy but ill-directed cannonade from the siege artillery. Powerful Turkish batteries replied with better effect. The duel was kept up until the Russians brought up their infantry as close as they dare, as if intending to take the fortifications and storm the Turkish works. The commanders drew together large bodies of troops behind the ramparts and made a tremendous sortie upon the Russian flank and rear, under the shock of which many were obliged to retreat into a disadvantageous position. A bloody engagement then occurred and the Russians were obliged to retreat, leaving three hundred killed and many wounded.

A dispatch from Constantinople says: English officers in this city are surveying the defenses of the harbor and city.

The Russians are committing frightful massacres in the Caucasus mountains. A Berlin dispatch says: In consequence of the appointment of a semi-Ultramontane Cabinet in France, the reinforcement of Alsace and Lorraine garrisons is likely to be carried into effect. The increase will probably amount to 16,000 men, and will make the forces in Western Germany equal to those in Northeastern France. It is apprehended that the Ultramontane members of the new Government may eventually prevail over Duke De Cazex and induce more active measures in the foreign policy of France. A Bucharest telegram announces that Roumania yesterday proclaimed her independence and declared war against Turkey, but that she will remain on the defensive.

VIENNA, May 21. The Russian and Roumanian authorities issued a decree, on Friday, prohibiting all traffic on the Danube. This paralyzes a large Hungarian trade. Count Andrássy has decided to

take immediate steps against the action and will not doubt be joined by other powers. However, he will not wait for their co-operation. It is rumored here that negotiations are pending for an alliance between Germany, Austria and England.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 21. The Grand Duke Michael telegraphs from Tiflis that along the entire coast, from Cape Adler to Pitschentyr, Turkish men of war are bombarding and burning undefended and peaceable settlements, and landing Circassian emigrants at various points, who seek to excite rebellion.

A dispatch from Constantinople says: The Deputies have violently attacked the conduct of the campaign in Asia, the secrecy of the authorities and the incapacity of Mukhtar Pasha. The debate caused much sensation. Maymond Damad and Rediff Pasha have obtained the suppression of the Sultan's decree granting amnesty to the Bulgarians.

ST. LOUIS, May 20. General Ord passed through here last night, from Texas, en route to Chicago, to consult with General Sheridan regarding the threatened invasion of Mexico from the Texas border. Several prominent citizens of San Antonio, Texas, including Col. Baker, Depot Quartermaster at San Antonio, arrived here on the same train, and report much alarm along the Texas frontier with reference to the movements of Ex-President Ledro in Mexico. They say Ledro is making great efforts to renege himself as president in Mexico; that there is much activity along the Rio Grande by his partisans; that General Escobedo and Pedro Yaguez are his chief supporters; that the latter has raised and equipped 600 cavalry within a few days past; that several shipments of arms recently arrived at San Antonio; that the recruiting is rapidly going on, and that Ledro evidently intends to make American soil his base of supplies and operations until he is strong enough to take a stand in Mexico. This is what alarms the Americans on the border, and these gentlemen from San Antonio say General Ord has gone to Chicago to lay the matter before General Sheridan and obtain definite instructions as to what course he shall pursue. It is said that Ledro will probably make the first movement in about ten days. Americans regard this attempt to regain the Presidency as a forlorn hope; that his defeat is certain, and that it will revive the border troubles and subject Americans along the Rio Grande to robbery and outrage, as Mexican bandits will swarm across the river and retaliate on the citizens.

BERLIN, May 22. It is officially announced that Emperor William has recalled Bismarck to consider the solution in France and the probable effect of the change of ministry upon relations of France and Germany.

LONDON, May 22. A Rostchuk dispatch, Monday, states that preparations are being made by the Russians for an attempt to pass the river between Raghva and Nikopolis. They have brought down by rail to the bank, pontoon bridges and small steamers, and are erecting large fortifications at Islatz and Turhmagueria. A continual concentration of troops in the direction of Simvitz is observable. The Turks are fully prepared to resist the attempt. A telegraph dispatch from Turtuk Monday evening reports that 47 battalions, 3 battalions of artillery and some cavalry have just arrived on the opposite side of the river at Olentien. An attack is expected daily. Islatz specials say yesterday the Russians, crossing in boats from Ibrail to Ghisco, burned the latter place. The Russians have dismounted their Barbochi fortifications considering them of no further use, as from Ibrail to Renti the river is sufficiently protected by strong batteries and torpedoes.

NEW YORK, May 22. The Graphic has a dispatch from Washington to the effect that the postponement of the extra session of Congress was due to the discovery of a conspiracy on the part of Congressmen, of both parties, headed by David Dudley Field, to introduce resolutions declaring Samuel J. Tilden the honest President elect, and inviting him to take his place in the White House.

CHESTER, Pa., May 22. This morning the Saratoga, a large iron steamship which was to be launched at Rosch's ship yard, started from its blockading moor than was expected, killing and wounding many. Six dead bodies have been removed. About forty men were under the Saratoga when she went off. An order was given them to come out, but it was not heard. The names of the killed as far as known, are Edward Towby, John Nelson, Charles Wright and Edward Burke. The wounded are George Wolf, mortally, and Barney Cannon and Walter Parkinson, seriously. It is thought some of the workmen were killed and dragged into the water by the ship. The bodies of the dead are horribly mangled, one being literally cut in halves and others with their legs and arms torn off. The total number of deaths in consequence of the accident, in addition to those already reported, J. J. Crew instantly killed, George C. Wolf and Barney Cannon died at 11 o'clock. Three persons were wounded, all of whom will probably recover. All of the killed and wounded were workmen employed at the yards and were engaged in knocking blocks from under the keel. The scene during the time the ship was going off was heartrending, men being seen struggling to escape, while huge blocks, rolled by the ship, crushed them to jelly. No assistance could possibly be rendered by those who were standing by. Instead of cheers, as usually greet a launch, a wall of anguish went up, and shrieks of pain rent the air. As soon as possible, the dead and wounded were carried to the yard office and physicians summoned. About 1,900 men are employed at the yards, and the friends of nearly all of them rushed to inquire for news. Flags were at half-mast throughout the town, and work has been stopped. John Rosch has ordered money to be furnished to the families of the killed and wounded. John Fountain, who had charge of the launch makes the following statement: "I found the ship was ready to move and called for all hands to get from under, before I commenced cutting loose. The men who were down by the after-blocking evidently did not hear the order, or did not obey, as they had fully five minutes to get out from the time the order was given until the ship started. Some of the men remained under, which is frequently the case, to attend to the forward blocking."

Those wishing first-rate Claret at a moderate price should try T. C. Poudjé's, Meadow Valley street.

CAUGHT AT LAST.

The Sea Serpent of History Makes His Appearance off the Scottish Coast.

[From the Glasgow News.]

A most extraordinary event has occurred at Oban, which I give in detail, having been eye witness to the whole affair. I allude to the stranding and capture of the veritable sea serpent in front of the Caledonian Hotel, George street, Oban. About four o'clock yesterday an animal or fish, evidently, of gigantic size, was seen sporting in the bay near Heather Island. Its appearance evidently perplexed a large number of spectators assembled on the pier, and several telescopes were directed toward it. A careful look satisfied us that it was of the serpent species, it carrying its head fully twenty-five feet above the water. A number of boats were soon launched and proceeded to the bay, the crews armed with such weapons as could be got handy. Under the directions of Malcolm Nicholson, our boatman, they headed the monster, and some of the boats were within thirty yards of it when it suddenly sprang half length out of the water and made for the open. A random fire from several volunteers with rifles seemed to have no effect upon it. Under Mr. Nicholson's orders the boats now ranged across the entrance of the bay, and by the screams and shouts turned the monster's course, and it headed directly for the breast wall of the Great Western Hotel. One boat, containing Mr. Donald Campbell, the Fiscal, had a most narrow escape, the animal actually rubbing against it. Mr. Campbell and his brother jumped overboard, and were picked up unhurt by Mr. John D. Hardie Sadder, in his small yacht, the Flying Scud. The animal seemed thoroughly frightened, and as the boats closed in the volunteers were unable to fire more, owing to the crowds assembled on the shore. At a little past six the monster took the ground on the beach in front of the Caledonian Hotel, in George street, and his proportions were now fully visible. In his frantic exertions, with his tail sweeping the beach, no one dared approach. The stones were flying in all directions; one seriously injuring a man called Baldy Barrow, and another breaking the window of the Commercial Bank. A party of volunteers under Lieutenant David Menzies now assembled and fired volley after volley into the back, according to the directions of Dr. Campbell, who did not wish for scientific reasons, that the configuration of the head should be damaged. As there was a bright moon, this continued till nearly ten o'clock, when Mr. Stevens, of the Commercial Bank, waded in and fixed a strong rope to the animal's head, and by the exertions of some seventy folk it was securely dragged above high water mark. Its exact appearance as it lies on the beach is as follows: The extreme length is 101 feet and the thickest part is about 25 feet from the head, which is 11 feet in circumference. At this part is fixed a pair of fins, which are 4 feet long by nearly 7 across at the sides. Further back is a long dorsal fin, extending for at least 12 or 13 feet, and 5 feet high in front, tapering to 1 foot. The tail is more of a flattened termination to the body proper than anything else. The eyes are very small in proportion and elongated, and gills of the length of 2½ feet behind. There are no external ears, and as Dr. Campbell did not wish the animal handled till he communicated with some eminent scientific gentlemen we could not ascertain if there were teeth or not. Great excitement is created and the country people are flocking in to view it. Mr. Duncan Clerk, writer, took possession of the monster, in the rights of Mr. M'Fee, of Appin, and Mr. James Nicol, writer, in the name of the Crown.

Yesterday evening a noble son of the forest, dressed in a plug hat and suit of American clothes, walked boldly up to a boot-black at Rice & Comstock's Old Corner, and putting his foot onto the box, said to the boy: "You damn white fellow you black my boots dam, you 'stand m'?" "Say Mr. Injun," replied the rooster, "have you got any collateral—the dimes—the stamps?" "What you mean, you white fellow?" was the answer, and at the same time the buck headed out a handful of Silver and commanded the boy to proceed, which he did, the sight of the coin being sufficient to remove all previous scruples. Those boots were polished in the best style, and when the job was completed Mr. Lo forked out a half a dollar remarking to the boy: "You damn white fellow, white man gib you one bit, Injun gentlemen gib you half dollar," and off he went with a two-bit cigar between his teeth.—[Carson Tribune.]

A GOOD CAMP.—We fully believe that Pyramid will prove one of the very best mining camps on the coast. It makes a better showing now than Virginia did at a two-year old. Joe Jones has just come in and reports that in the last week important developments have been made, and all that is needed is \$5,000 or \$10,000 to demonstrate that many bonanzas exist. The few who have stuck to the camp from the first are still working away confident that their reward will come sometime. The Jones and Kinkead claim, the King, Buckeye and others are prospecting finely, and stockholders in the two former feel sure of making their fortunes. In both claims the ledge is large and rich, and the indications all point to two first-class mines.—State Journal 17th.

The Congregationalist says: Letters from six different points in Turkey, received last week at the rooms of the American Board, indicate no anxiety on the part of the missionaries for their personal safety. So far as heard from the Turkish Government favors them in every instance. The Board has forwarded assurances to the missionaries in the interior that it will accept in advance any measures which they may judge best to adopt for their own safety.

A young lady school teacher in Allamakee County Iowa, had a lover whose affection turned to rage in a singular manner. Declining to receive his attention any more, she gave him the mitten. This sorely perplexed the young man. He packed up his duds for leaving the country, but before going called at the school to say farewell. After a few minutes' conversation he requested the favor of a parting kiss, and reached out to embrace her, when she struggled, under basifol modesty. Seizing the opportunity, he drew her face to his and bit her nose nearly off. The end part, a good mouthful, hung by the gristle, and was sewed in place by a neighboring surgeon. With the best possible care she will be disfigured for life.

JIM KEENE IN NEW YORK.—Knightly Jim Keene was a great operator in San Francisco, but in New York he was only a minnow among the whales. They took him in without knowing it. Every stock he bought for an advance declined, and what he attempted to bear remained firm. There was a limit to Jim's pile, and if he had not stopped when he did, he would soon have reached it. He has now more experience than ever before. —[Chicago Tribune.]

On Draught, Claret, at T. C. Poudjé's.

Born.
At Pioche, Nevada, May 18, 1877, to the wife of M. W. Musgrove, a son.

Died.
At Leeds, Utah, Friday, May 18, 1877, Jake Auerstadt, a native of Germany, aged 30 years.

NEW TO-DAY.

THE TAX
ON THE
PROCEEDS of the MINES

FOR THE
Quarter Beginning Jan. 1, 1877,
and Ending Mar. 31, 1877.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Taxes on the Proceeds of the Mines for the quarter ending March 30, 1877, are now due and payable at the office of the Assessor, at the Court-house.
The law in regard to their collection will be strictly enforced.
MAY 25-2w R. P. DAYTON, Assessor.

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Positively Cured,

All sufferers from this disease that are anxious to be cured should try Dr. Kiser's Celebrated Consumptive Powders. These Powders are the only preparation known that will cure Consumption and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs—indeed, no string is our faith in them, and also to convince you that they are no humbug we will forward to every sufferer, by mail, post paid, a free Trial Box. We don't want your money until you are perfectly satisfied of their curative powers. If your life is worth saving, don't delay in giving these Powders a trial, as they will surely cure you.

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